## LISTING OF CLAIMS

24. (Currently Amended): A method of detecting the presence of antibodies to virulent Mycobacterium in a biological sample, said method comprising: combining said sample with a protein a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, a Mycobacterial homolog thereof or an antigenic determinant thereof; and detecting antibodies bound to said protein polypeptide; wherein said Mycobacterium is M. bovis, M. tuberculosis, M. leprae, M. africanum, M. microti, M. avium, M. intracellulare or M. scrofulaceum.

## 25. (canceled)

- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 24, wherein said protein polypeptide is immobilized on a solid support.
- 27. (previously presented) The method of Claim 26, wherein said solid support is nitrocellulose.
- 28. (previously presented) The method of Claim 24, wherein said sample comprises one or more of sputum, blood, and serum.
- 29. (previously presented) The method of Claim 24, wherein said detecting is by a qualitative detection system.
- 30. (previously presented) The method of Claim 29, wherein said qualitative detection system is a horseradish peroxidase-protein A detection system.
- 31. (previously presented) The method of Claim 24, wherein said detecting is by quantitative detection system.
- 32. (previously presented) The method of Claim 31, wherein said qualitative detection system is a radioimmunoassay.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 24, further comprising: combining a control biological sample with said protein polypeptide; and comparing the detection of said binding to the binding of antibodies in the control sample with said protein polypeptide.

## 34-40. (canceled)

41. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting the presence of Mycobacterium in a biological sample, said method comprising:

Lysing the cells in said sample;

Combining said lysate with antibodies to a protein polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 or an antigenic determinant thereof; and

detecting said antibodies bound to protein polypeptide in said lysate; wherein said Mycobacterium is M. bovis, M. tuberculosis, M. leprae, M. africanum, M. microtii, M. avium, M. intracellulare or M. scrofulaceum.

- 42. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, wherein said Mycobacterium is M. bovis.
- 43. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, wherein said lysate is immobilized on a solid support.
- 44. (previously presented) The method of Claim 43, wherein said solid support is nitrocellulose.
- 45. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, wherein said detecting is by a qualitative detection system.
- 46. (previously presented) The method of Claim 45, wherein said qualitative detection system is a horseradish peroxidase-protein A detection system.
- 47. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, wherein said detecting is by a quantitative detection system.
- 48. (previously presented) The method of Claim 47, wherein said quantitative detection system is a radioimmunoassay.
- 49. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, further comprising: culturing a diagnostic sample to produce colonies of bacteria present therein, whereby said culture represents said biological sample.
- 50. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting the presence of antibodies to a virulent Mycobacterium in a biological sample, said method comprising: combining said sample with a purified protein polypeptide of a mycobacterium other than M. bovis BCG, wherein said protein polypeptide is a homolog of the protein of SEQ ID NO:2; is an immunogenic membrane-associated protein of said mycobacterium, and is encoded by a DNA which is capable of hybridizing with a DNA probe having the complete sequence represented in SEQ ID NO:1 under conditions where, on a Southern blot, said probe will identify single 3.25kb BamHI fragments from M. bovis BCG and M. tuberculosis H37Rv DNA, but will not hybridize with BamHI-digested DNA from either M. smegmatis or M. vaccae; and detecting an antibody bound to said protein polypeptide that is homologous to SEQ ID NO:2 and that is obtained from a virulent strain of Mycobacterium.
- 51. (canceled)
- 52. (previously presented) The method of Claim 41, wherein said Mycobacterium is M. tuberculosis.